



**CITY OF
BAINBRIDGE ISLAND**

Prepared for:
*Groundwater Management Plan
Open House*

May 27, 2026



Today's Discussion

What is the Groundwater Management Plan (GWMP)? How did we get here? How should we plan?

1

Groundwater
Primer

2

History of the
GWMP

3

Analysis by EA
and Keta Waters

4

Management
Actions

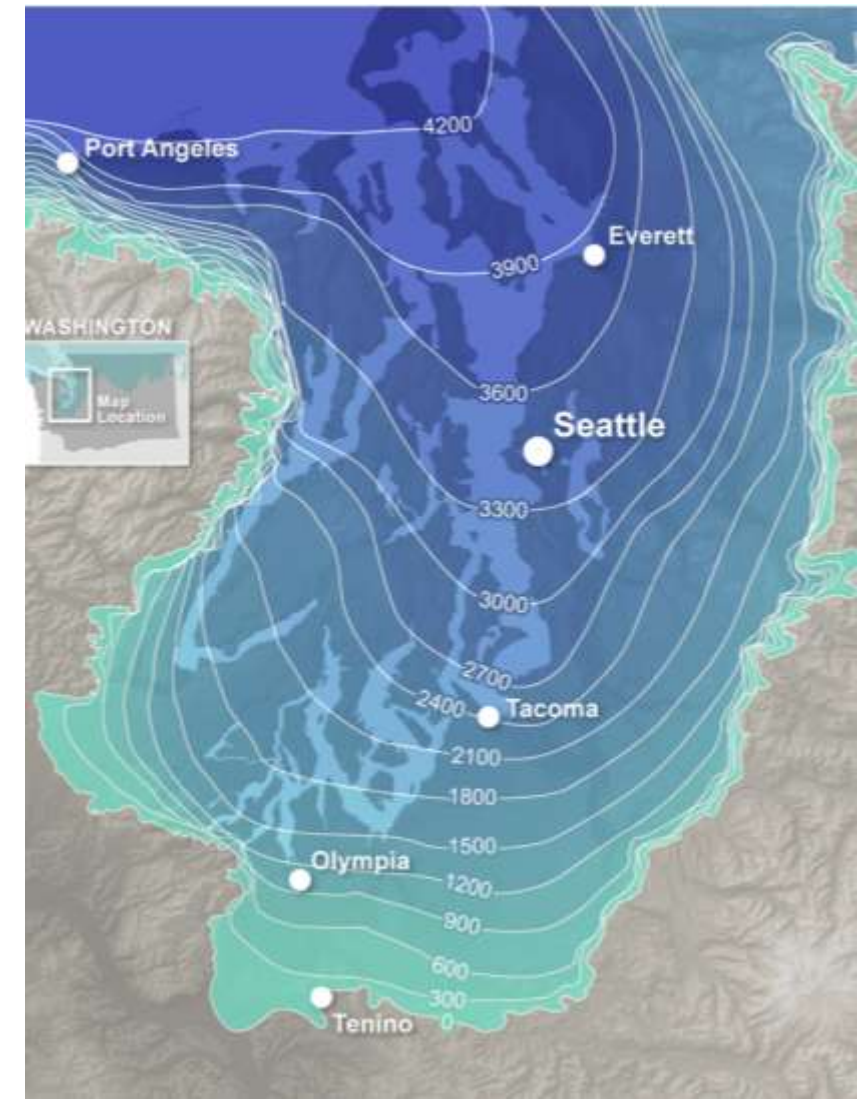
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Next Steps

Groundwater Primer

Origins of Bainbridge Island Aquifers

- Seattle Fault
- Glaciation



Describing Bainbridge Island Aquifers



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- 2–12-inch diameter hole in the ground
- 0-1,500 feet deep

Source..... Driller's Record

Location: State of WASHINGTON
 County..... Kitsap
 Area.....
 Map.....

Diagram of Section

1/2 SE 1/4 SE 1/4 SE 1/4 sec. 33 T. 25 N., R. 2 E. W.

Drilling Co. Burt Well Drilling Co.
 Address Rt. 1 Box 283, Poulsbo, Wash.
 Method of Drilling New Well Date June 1968
 Owner Emanuel Olson
 Address Port Blakely Box 264, Bainbridge Is, Wash

Land surface, datum..... ft. above
 below
 SWL: 19' Date June 1968 Dims.: 8" x 125'

CORRELATION	MATERIAL	From (feet)	To (feet)
	Community domestic supply		
	Topsoil	0	3'
	Clay-sand-pebbles	3	14
	Clay, gravel	14	28
	Gravel - some water	28	31
	Clay & gravel	31	60
	Clay, gray	60	90
	Clay, blue	90	100
	Clay with sand water	100	105
	Clay	105	125
	Casing: 8" from 0-125'		

(Transcribe driller's terminology literally but paraphrase as necessary, in parentheses if material water-bearing, so state and record static level if reported. Give depths in feet below land-surface datum unless otherwise indicated. Correlate with stratigraphic column, if feasible. Following log of materials, list all casings, perforations, screens, etc.)

with
 y

WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

David Lown Address 310 West Howe Street Se
 WELL: County Kitsap
 section or subdivision corner

E: Domestic Industrial Municipal
 Irrigation Test Well Other

K: Owner's number of well (if more than one)
 well Method: Dug Bored
 ended Cable Driven
 conditioned Rotary Jetted

Diameter of well 6 inches
 ft. Depth of completed well 181 ft.

N DETAILS:
 6" Diam. from 0 ft. to 181 ft.
 " Diam. from ft. to ft.
 " Diam. from ft. to ft.

s No
 for used
 in. by in.
 forations from ft. to ft.
 forations from ft. to ft.
 forations from ft. to ft.

No
 Name Steel Johnson
 Slot size 12 from 175 ft. to ft.
 Slot size from ft. to ft.

Yes No Size of gravel:
 rom ft. to ft.

No To what depth? 22 ft.
 n seal Bentonite
 contain unusable water? Yes No
 Depth of strata
 ng strata off

(10) WELL LOG:
 Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material, and natural stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each material.

MATERIAL

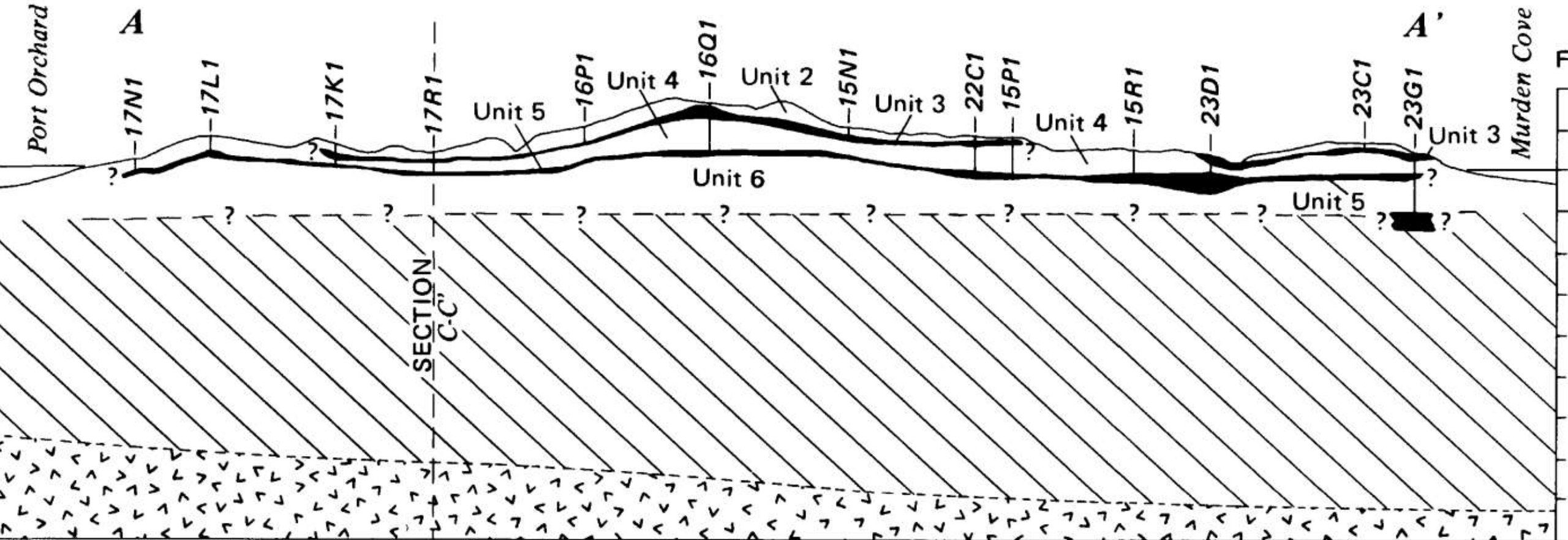
Top Soil
 Brown Hardpan
 Brown Gritty Clay
 Brown Silt w/clay Binder
 Brown Gritty Hardpan
 Brown Sandy Silty Clay
 Brown Gravelly Hardpan
 Gray Brown Gravelly Hardpan
 Brown Sandy Silty Clay Mix
 Dirty Brown Sand, Gravel, Water
 Brown Sandy Silty Clay Mix
 Brown Gravelly Hardpan, Water
 Dirty Brown Sand, Gravel & Water
 Brown Gravelly Hardpan
 Brown Sand, Gravel & Water
 Gray Brown Gritty Hardpan
 Clean Sand, Gravel & Water
 Brown Sandy Silt
 Gray Brown Gravelly Hardpan, W
 Brownish Blue Sand & Gravel, W
 Brown Sand, Gravel & Water

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Aquifer Cross Sections



May 27, 2026



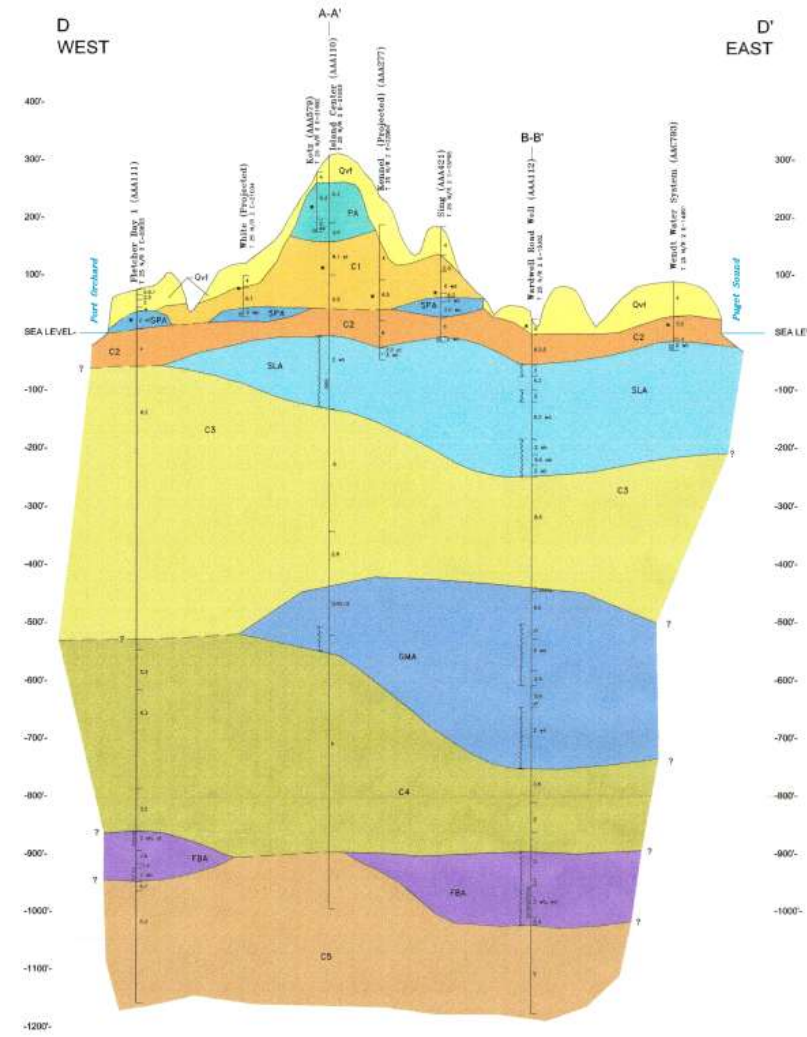
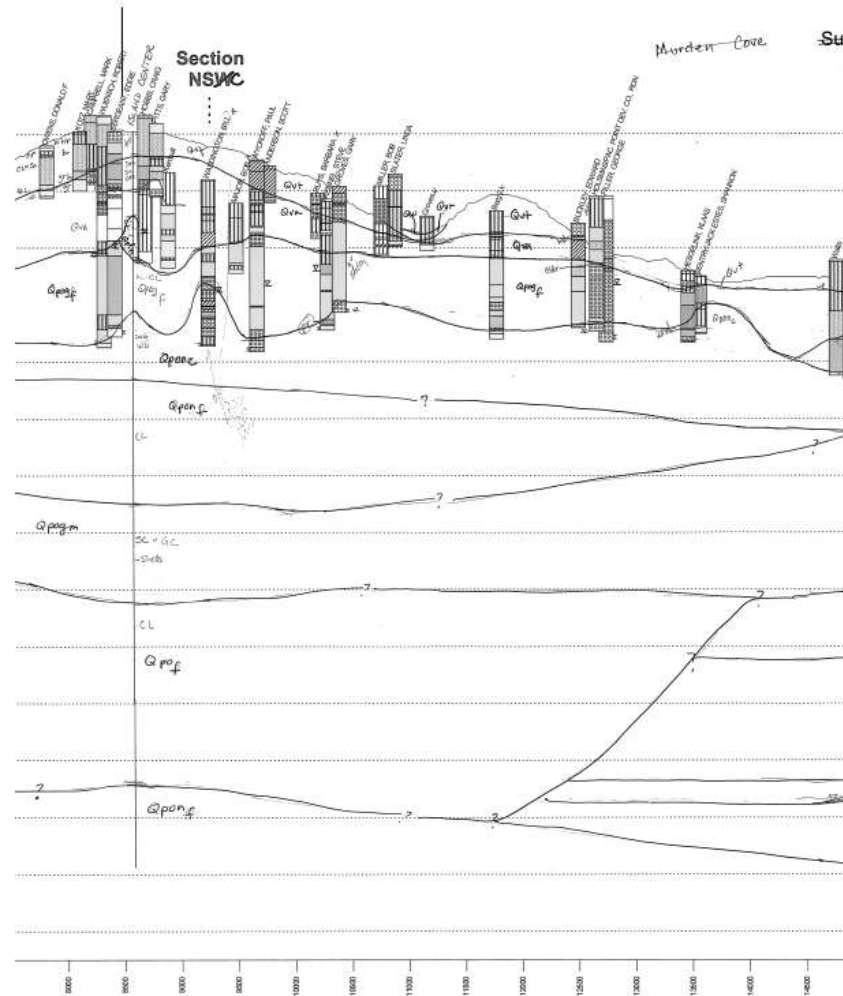
Aquifer Cross Sections



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- 2005 University of Washington
- 2001 Kato and Warren

Fletcher Bay to Skiff Point 2

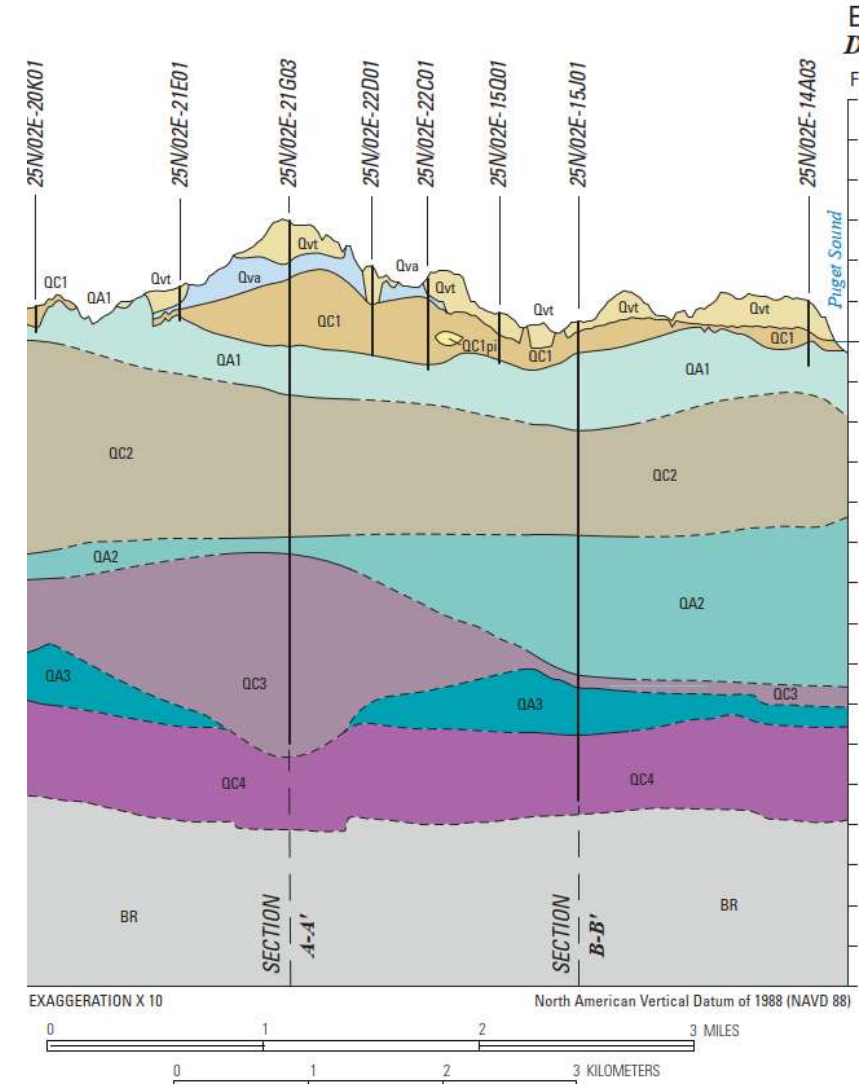


Aquifer Cross Sections Title



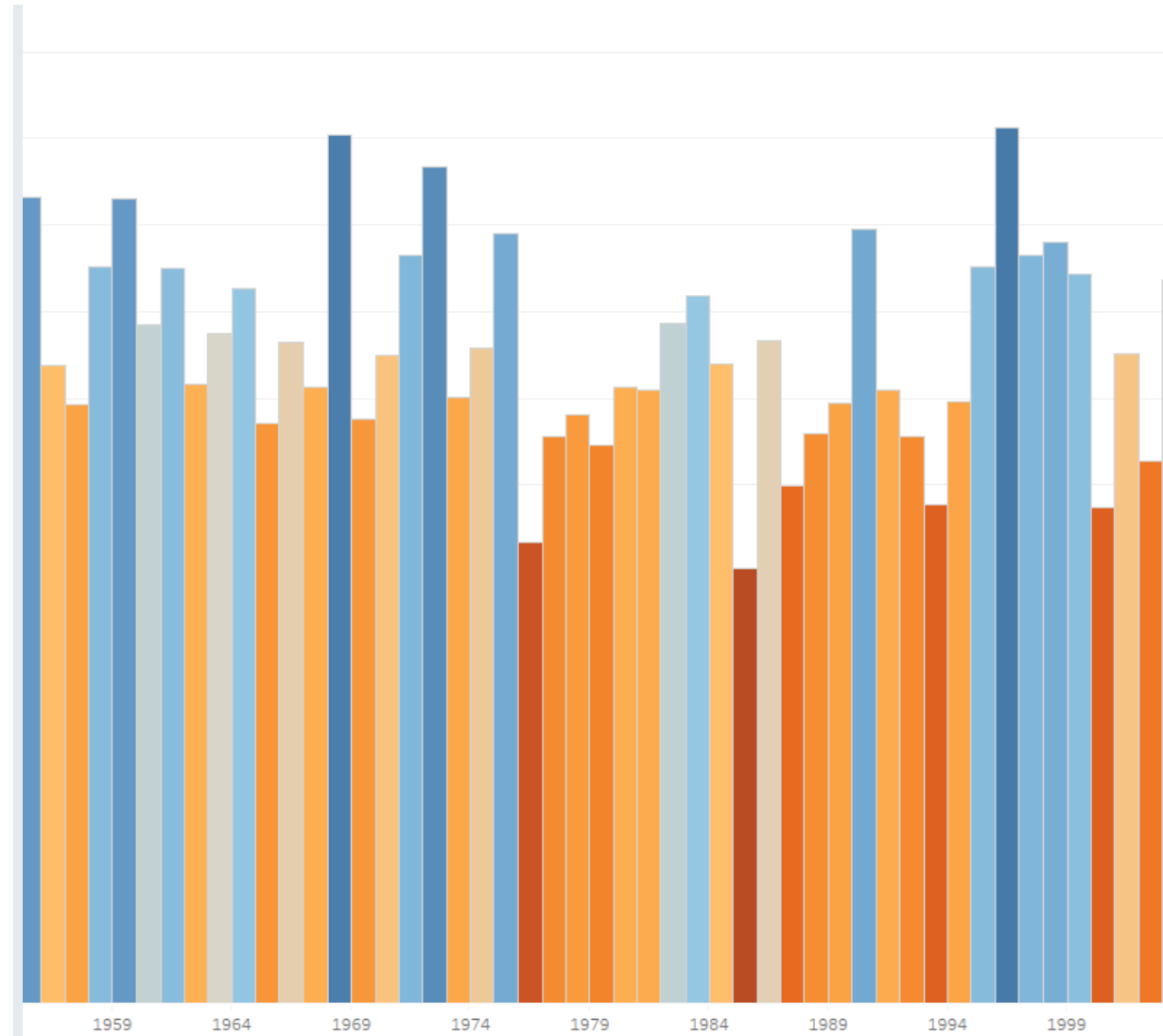
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- 2011 U.S. Geologic Service



Recharge

- Average annual rainfall 42 inches



Recharge

- Rainfall moves through the soil to the aquifer

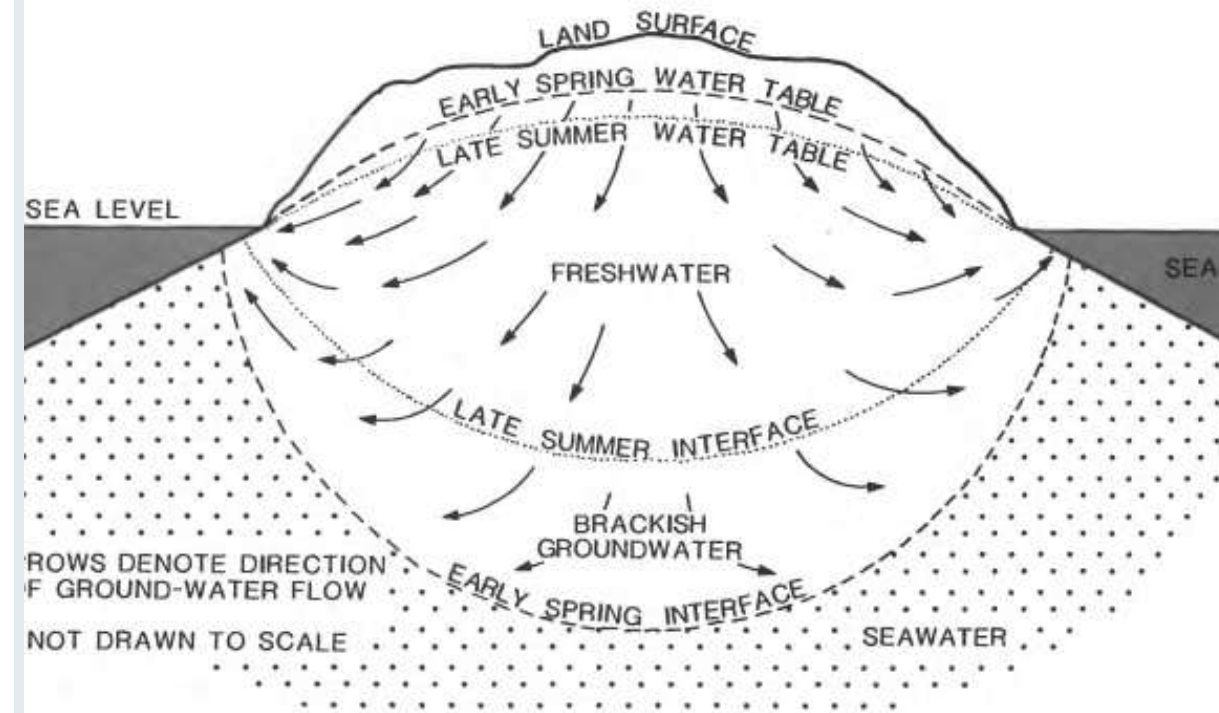
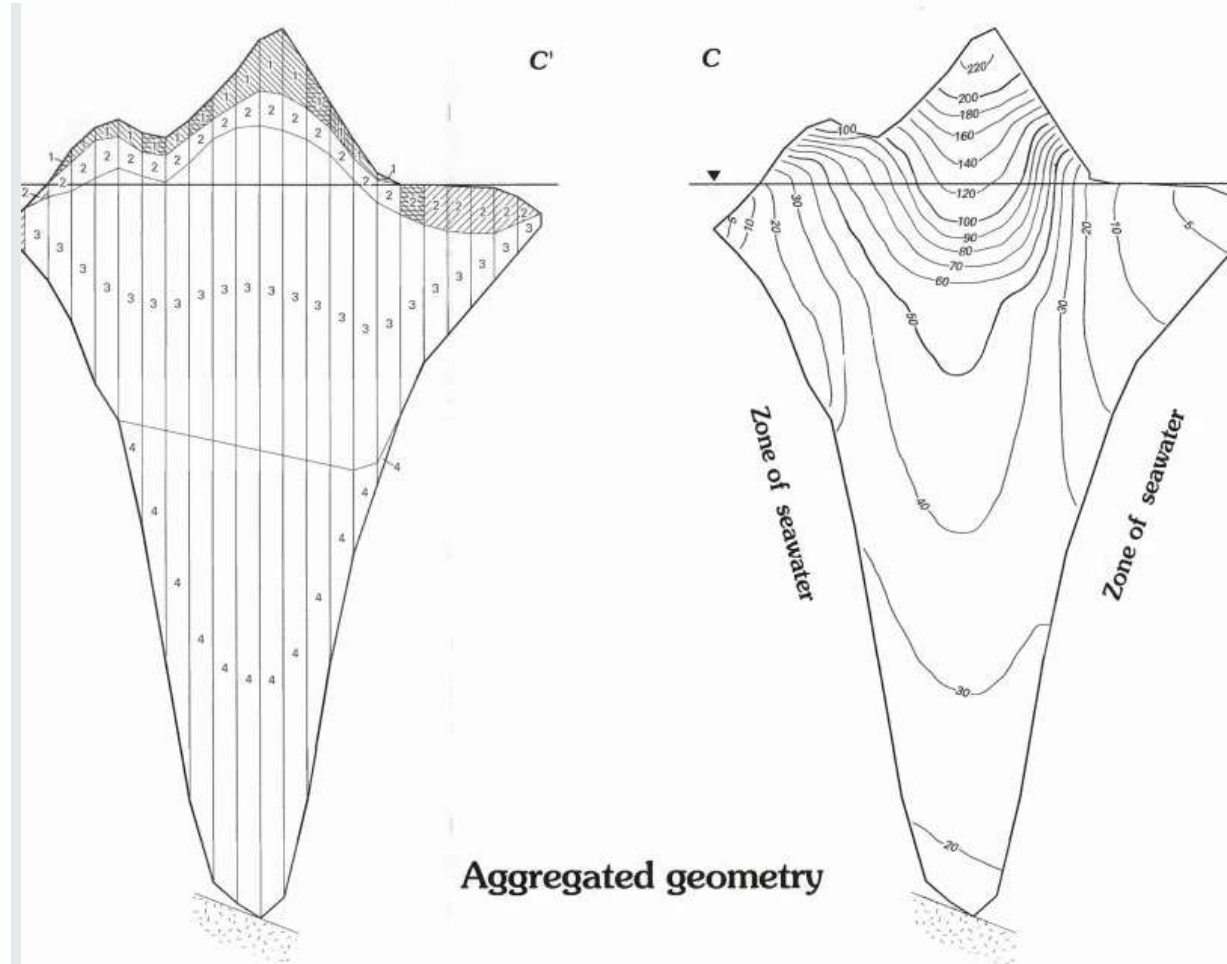


Figure 19.--Seasonal fluctuation of water table and freshwater-seawater interface in a homogeneous, unconfined island aquifer.

Recharge

- Freshwater holds seawater “at bay”



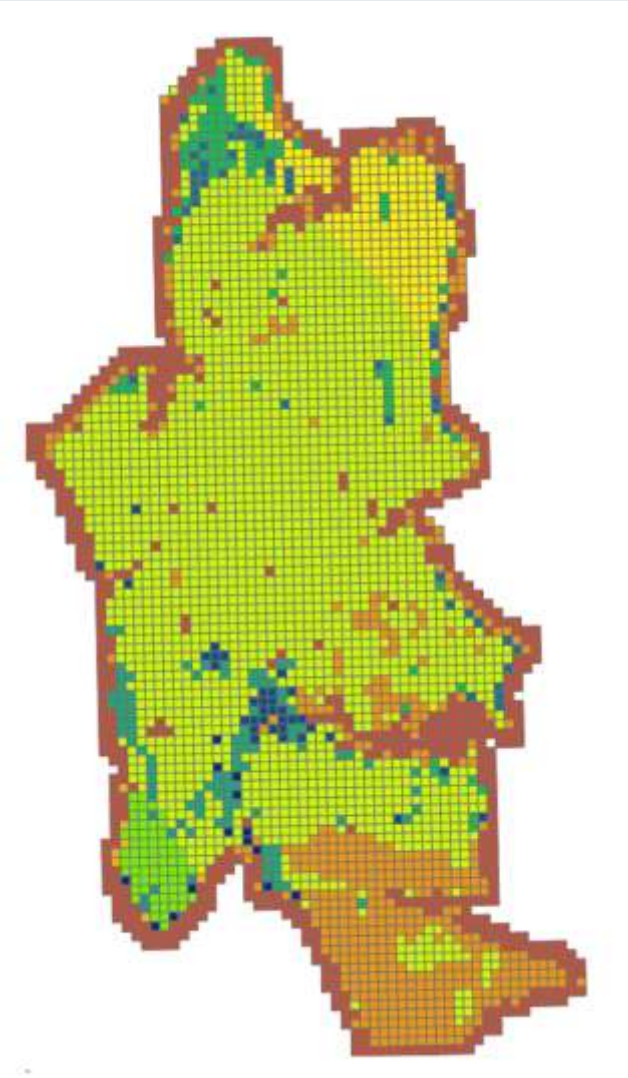
Section C—C', Bainbridge Island-1

Recharge



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- **Recharge is varied across the Island based on rainfall patterns, geologic variety and land cover.**
- **Estimates range from 7-17 inches annually**

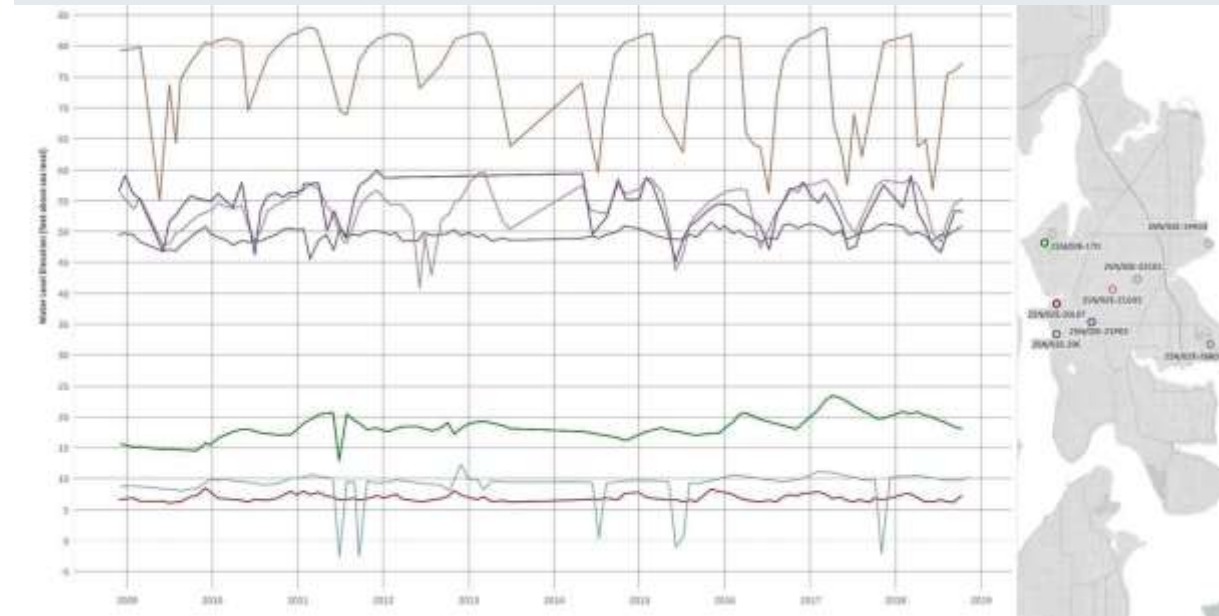


Monitoring



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- **Water levels are monitoring by the City and KPUD**



A photograph of a fish swimming in clear, turquoise water. The fish is positioned in the lower half of the frame, swimming towards the left. The water is very clear, and the background shows a dense forest of green trees, slightly blurred, suggesting a natural, outdoor setting. The overall tone is bright and clean, emphasizing water quality.

GWMP History

Previous Studies and Plans

- U.S. Geologic Service
- WA State Department of Ecology
- Kitsap County
- City of Bainbridge Island
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- WA State Department of Ecology
- 1957-2016
- 1980
- 1991
- 2001-present
- 2013
- 2018-2024

GWMP Timeline

- **Plan Conception** • **2018**
- **Scope Development** • **2019**
- **City Staff Hired to Begin Plan** • **2021**
- **EA Engineering Hired to Continue Plan** • **2023**
- **Keta Waters Hired to Complete Plan** • **2025**

Analysis by EA Engineering and Keta Waters

Groundwater Model



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- The Bainbridge Groundwater Model Extent



EA Modeling



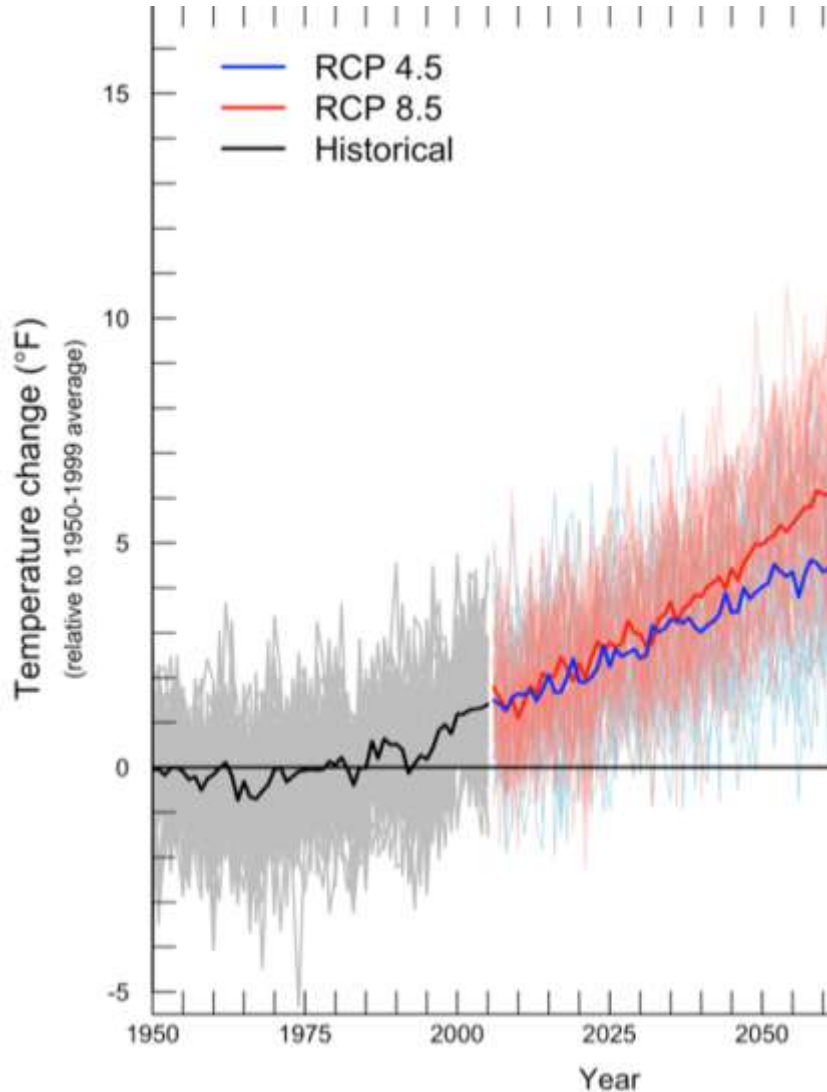
EA Engineering updated and calibrated the groundwater model.

With committee input, EA ran 3 predictive scenarios to test the aquifer under stress until the year 2121.

Scenarios increased population (pumping) and decreased recharge.

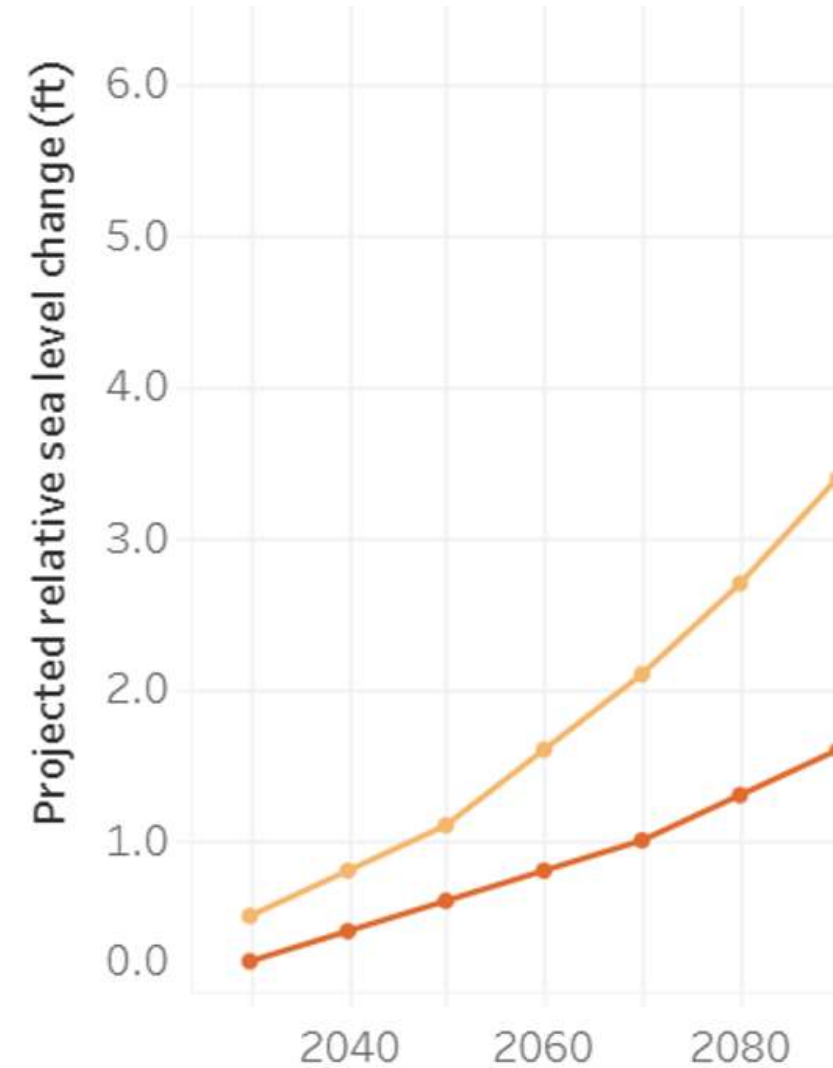


EA Modeling

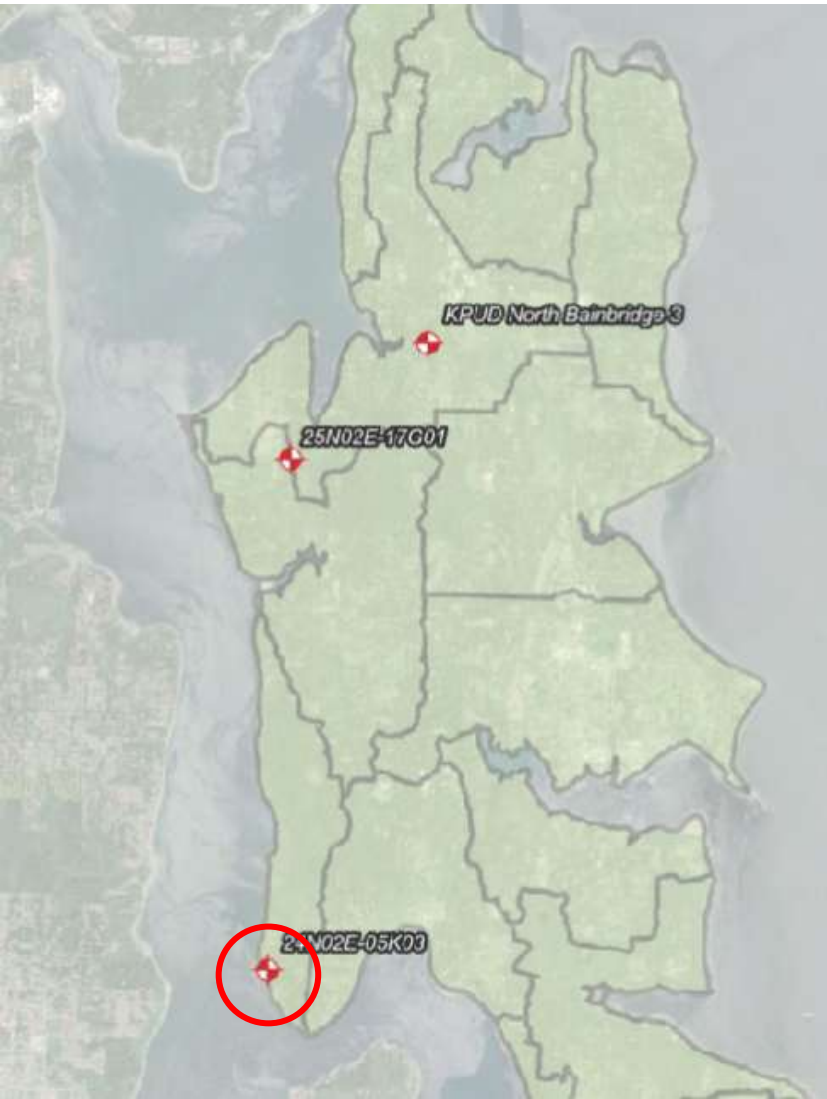


Water use estimates were increased based on predicted temperature increase.

Sea level was increased based on 2 model projections.



EA Modeling

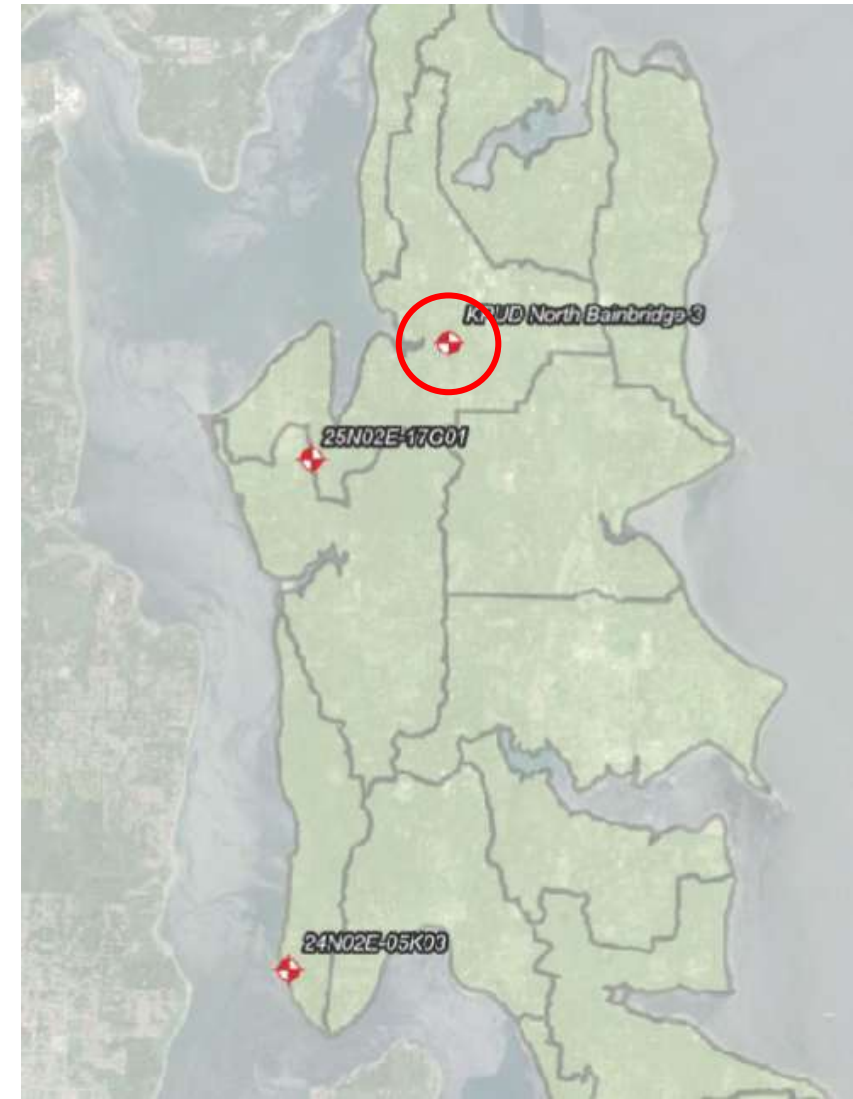


Sensitivity analysis showed us how different variables have different effects at different locations and depth.

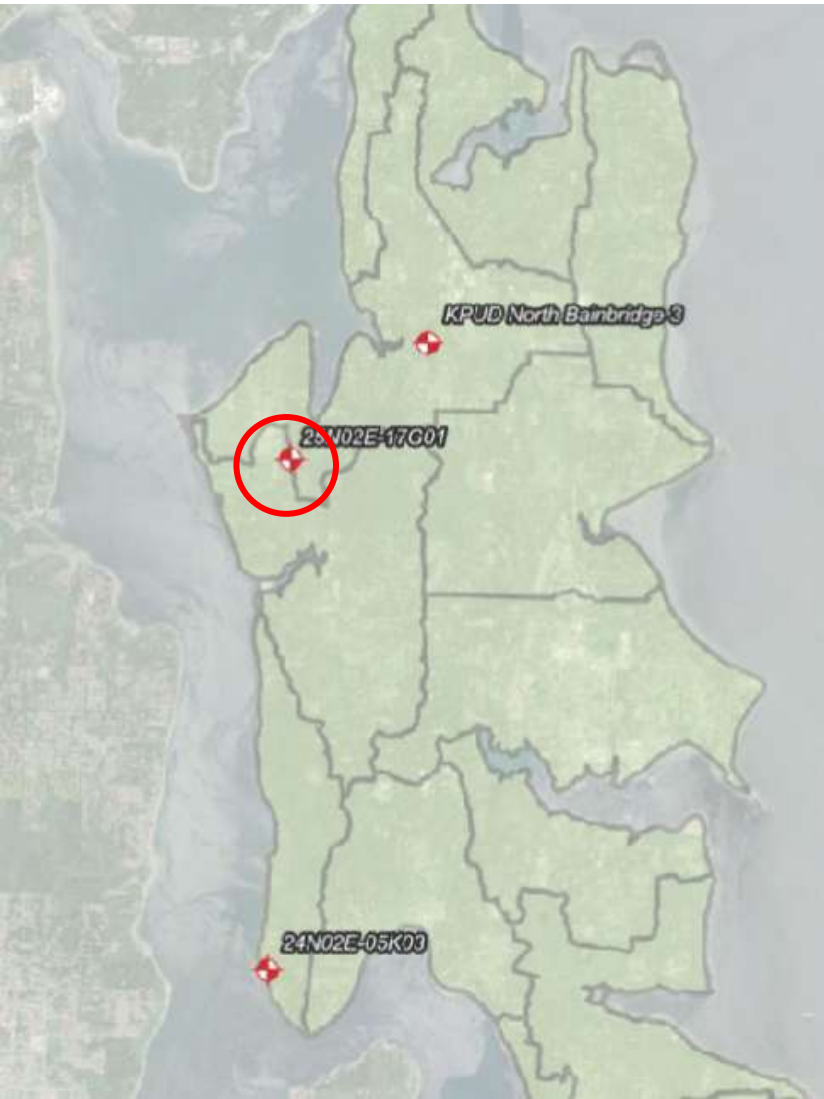
Shallow, coastal wells are most influenced by sea level rise.



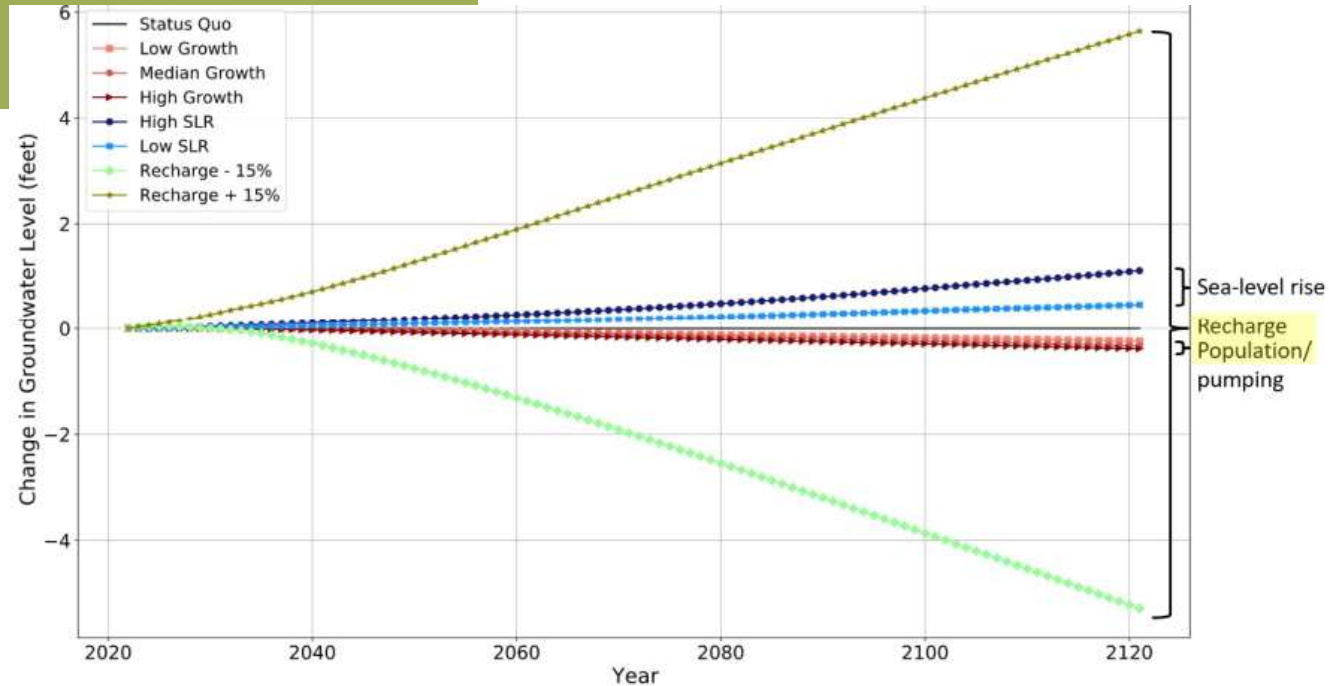
Deep, inland wells are most influenced by pumping rates.



EA Modeling



← Shallow, inland wells are most influenced by recharge.



Bainbridge Island Groundwater Management Plan

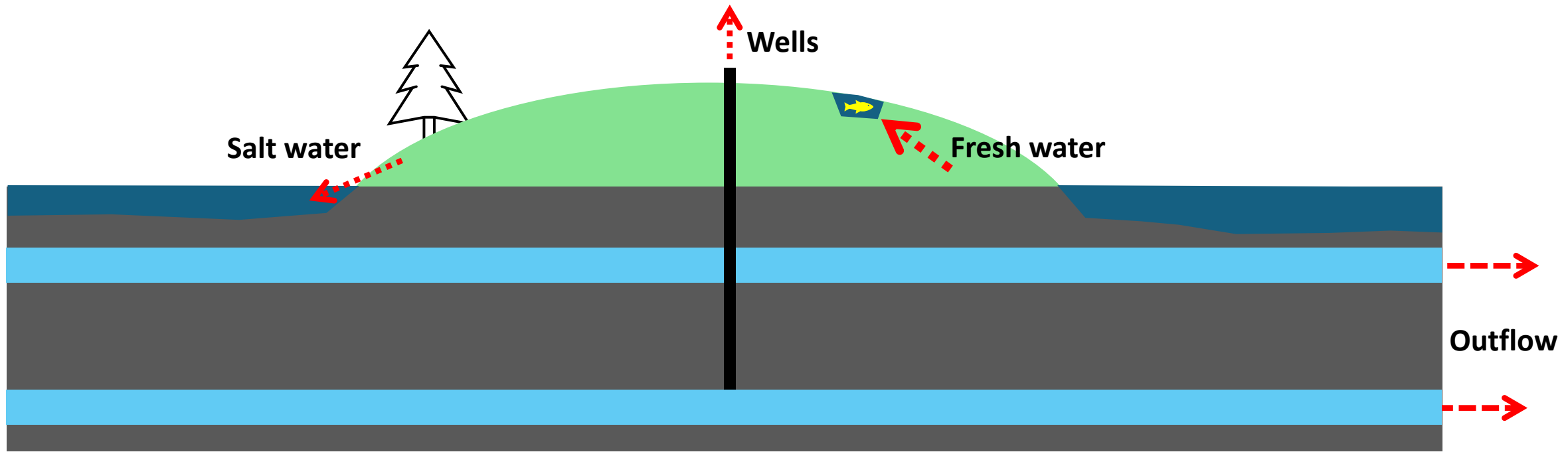
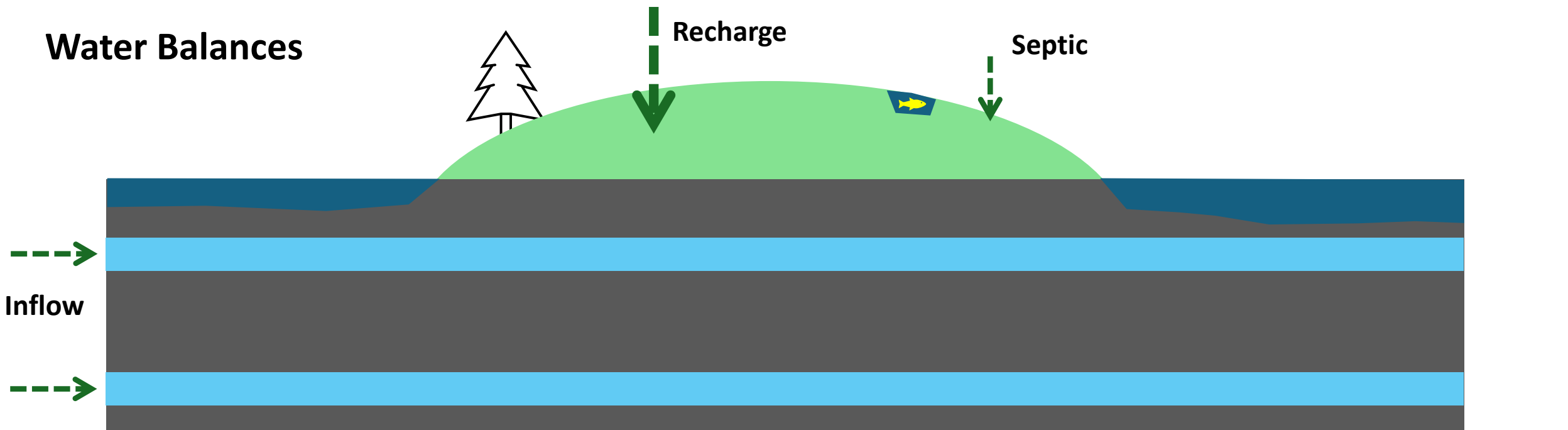
Water Balances and Sustainability

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**Joel Massmann
Adam Massmann**

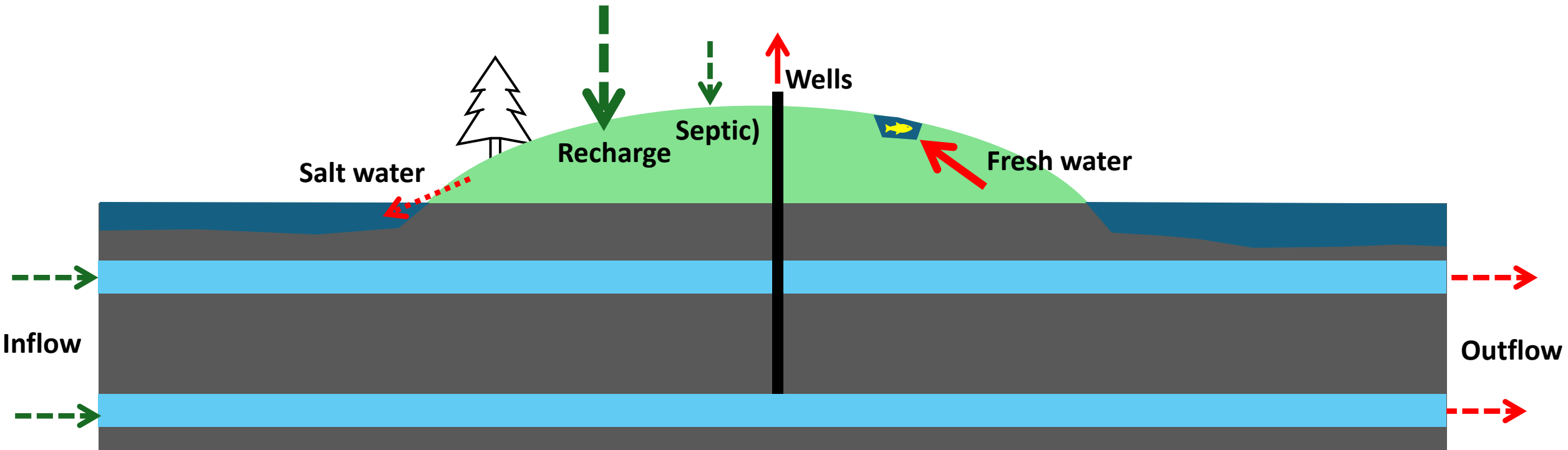
Keta Waters LP

Water Balances



Modeled Equilibrium Water Balances

	EA Model	
	% of inflow	Acre-ft/yr
Recharge	85.0%	17,337
Septic	6.7%	1,361
Inflow from off-island	8.4%	1,709
Outflow to wells	-11.1%	-2,267
Outflow to freshwater	-47.9%	-9,782
Outflow to saltwater	-9.5%	-1,940
Outflow through aquifers	-31.4%	-6,417



Some results from equilibrium models

Changes in recharge have a roughly 1:1 impact on changes in groundwater flow to surface waters.

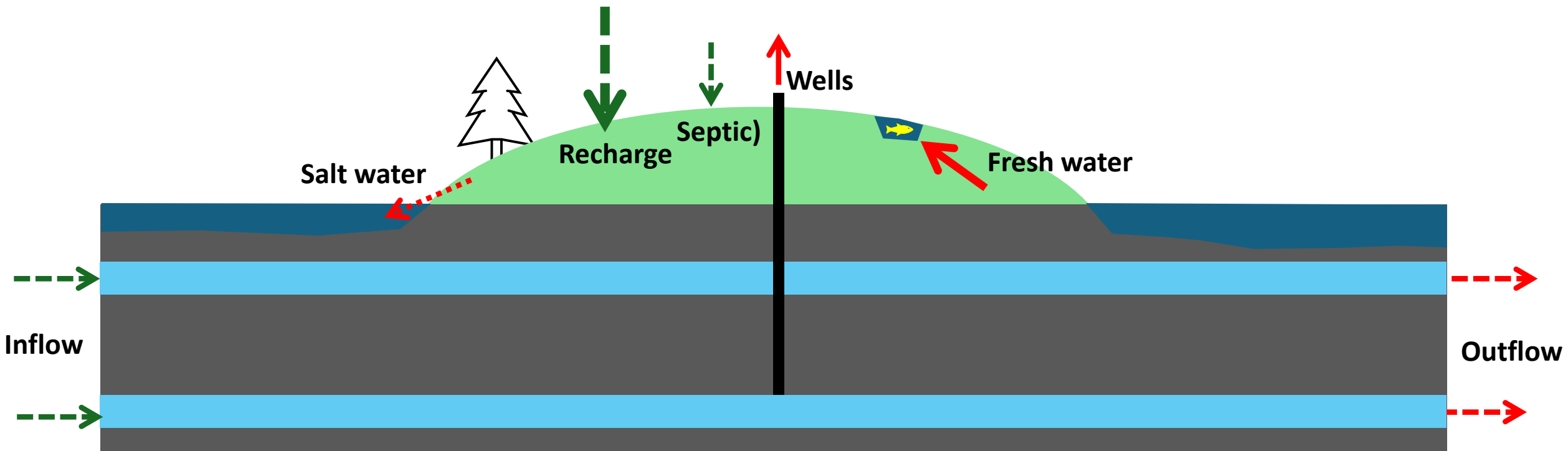
Eliminating all septic return flow causes groundwater flow to surface waters to be reduced by approximately 8-10%.

Groundwater pumping affects flow to surface waters. The impacts from aquifers deeper than sea level are significantly less than the impacts from aquifers at or above sea level.

Saltwater intrusion into aquifers will eventually occur if groundwater levels fall below sea level. In most scenarios that have been considered, groundwater levels in deeper aquifers remain higher than sea level.

The connection with off-island aquifers is uncertain and inconclusive.

Sustainable yield: can be maintained for an indefinite time without causing unacceptable environmental, economic, or social consequences.



A rough estimate of sustainable yield is 1,200-3,000 ac-ft/yr. This is roughly 43 to 107 gal/person/day for a population of 25,000.

Current consumptive use is 1,000-1,800 ac-ft/yr (pumping: 2,000-3,000 ac-ft/yr, return flow 40-50%). This usage could be sustainable or unsustainable.

Permitted water rights and private well usage from ~1700 wells almost certainly exceed sustainable yield. Permitted groundwater and surface water rights are 7,561 ac-ft/yr, as of 2000. This does not include permit exempt usage.

Current Bainbridge Island water systems have reduced water usage to 39 gal/person/day. If this water usage was achieved island-wide, residential consumptive use would be 540-650 ac-ft/yr (pumping: 1,085 ac-ft/yr). This water usage is almost certainly sustainable.

Management Actions

High Priority Actions



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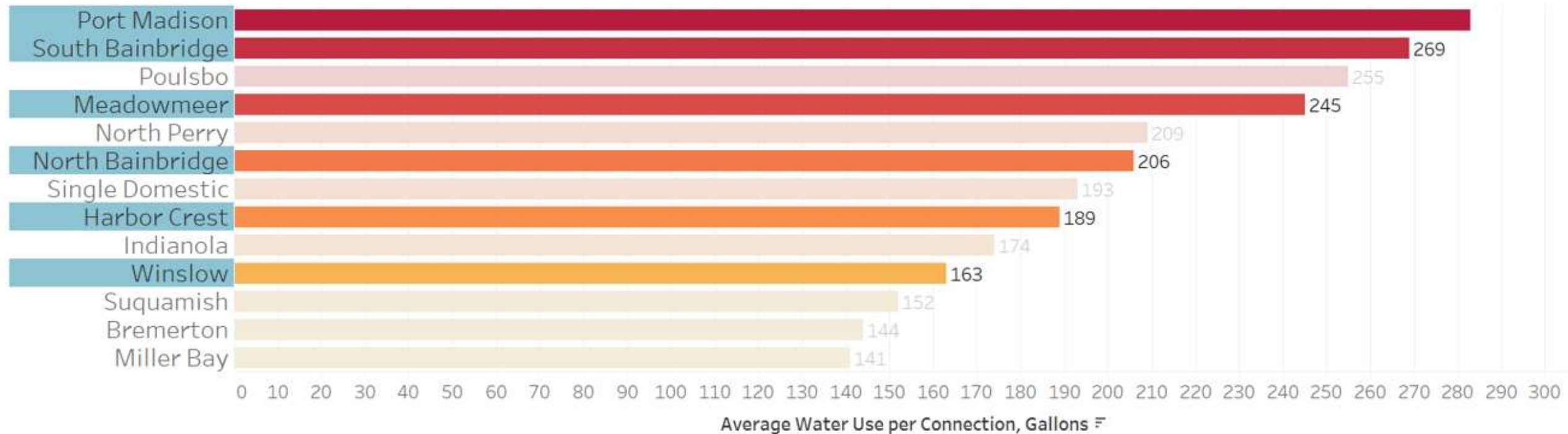
- **Water Conservation**
- **Enhancing Storm and Surface Water Management**
- **Evaluating and Implementing Managed Aquifer Recharge**



Water Conservation

- Water use is typically higher on Bainbridge Island than nearby areas
- Significant opportunity exists for reductions in use

Average Daily Water Use



Water Conservation



High Priority Actions



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- **Spreading out Production Wells**
- **Consolidating Smaller Water Systems**
- **Evaluating Interties Between Large Systems**

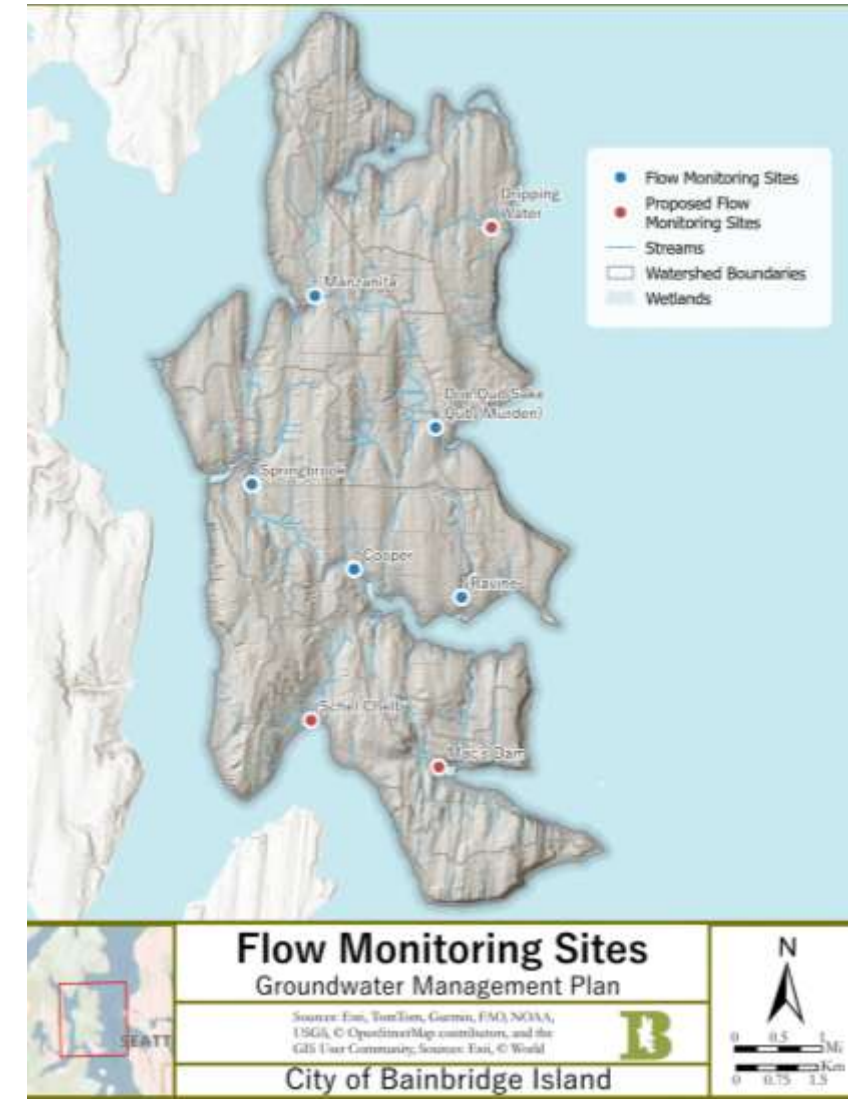


High Priority Actions



May 27, 2026

- Expand Groundwater Monitoring
- Increase Data on Water Use
- Expand Surface Water Monitoring
- Create a Dashboard for Results



Next Steps

Plan Completion



- **Your feedback tonight**
- **Present again to City Council in June**
- **Once adopted, move forward with budget development and implementation**
- **Continued community engagement and education**

Thank You



**CITY OF
BAINBRIDGE ISLAND**

Submitted by:

Christian Berg (City)

Joel Massmann (Keta Waters)