

Winslow Subarea Plan Land Capacity Analysis Methodology and Assumptions

Overall Assumption: Only parcels within the Winslow Subarea Boundary (for each Alternative) were included in capacity analysis.

Step 1 Parcel Categorization: See below and corresponding “Development Likelihood” maps.

Parcels with High Likelihood of (Re)Development- Probability Allocation: 60% (55% Alternative 1)

- Vacant
- Known or conceptual development plan
- Underutilized: underdeveloped for zone, vacancy

Parcels with Average Likelihood of (Re)Development- Probability Allocation: 55% (45% Alternative 1)

- Sizable: ≥ 0.2 acre
- Underutilized: underdeveloped for zone, or vacancy
- Improvement/Land Value ($\leq 1/3$); Age (>50 years. old)
- Consolidation Opportunity: Adjacent Ownership or adjacent smaller vacant or underutilized properties

Parcels with Low Likelihood of (Re)Development- Probability Allocation: 10%

- Single-family platted lots with existing residences
- Irregular or small parcel size and shape
- Utilized, but still subject to maximizing utilization over planning period
- All remaining parcels that do not fit into *high, average* or *unlikely* category

Parcels Unlikely to (Re)Develop- Probability Allocation: 0%

- Under public or institutional use, or other protected property class or designation (e.g. Agriculture, Conservation Easement)
- Constrained by parcel size & shape
- Developed within the last 20 years
- Highly Constrained by Critical Areas/Shoreline/Buffers : parcel-by-parcel analysis including, adjacent context, and the location of possible building, etc.

Step 2 Aggregate parcels by zoning district within each Parcel Categorization (e.g., aggregate all R-8 properties with Low Likelihood of [Re]development)

Step 3 Aggregate capacity analysis by zone for each Parcel Categorization

Assumptions

Building Program for Mixed Use (MU)/Commercial Zones: Comm/Residential Split

Alternative 1: Comm/Residential split same as 2021 Kitsap County Buildable Lands Report (BLR), but used maximum MUFAR instead of Base Residential & Base Commercial)

Alternatives 2 and 3: Central Core & High School Core: MU 80%/Residential 20%;

Ferry: MU 60%/Res. 40%; Transition Zone: Alt. 2 MU 60%/Res. 40%; Alt. 3 MU 80%/Res. 20%

Alternatives 2 and 3: Building Program for MU Portion: 75% Residential, 12.5% commercial, and 12.5% something else (e.g. lobby)

Building Program for Residential Only Portion: 87.5% Residential, 12.5% something else

Building Efficiency = 80%; meaning that 20% of a building estimated for areas that would not be able to be occupied, such as stairs, elevator shafts, etc.

Lot Coverage: utilized to simulate the future ROW, public facilities, access, etc. assumptions used in BLR methodology.

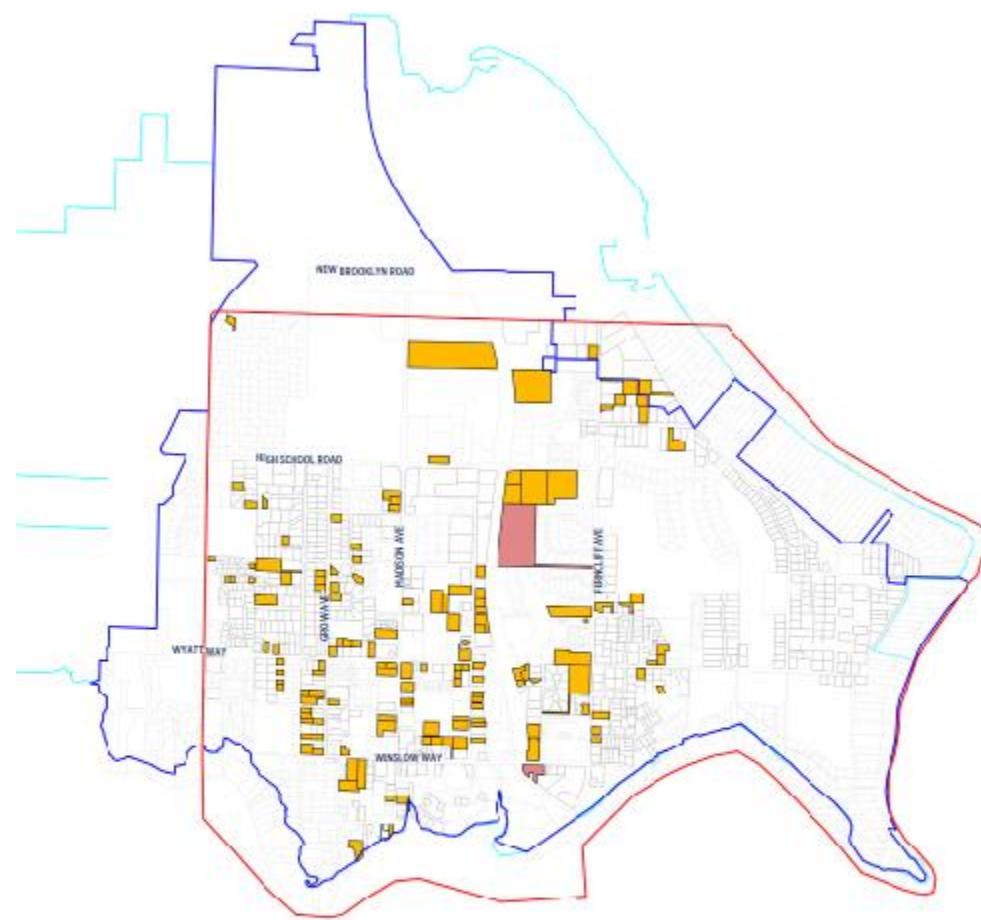
Residential Unit Size: MUTC/High School Rd. Zones (Alt. 1), Central Core, Ferry, High School & Transition Zones (Alts. 2 & 3) parcels= 850 ft²; R-8 & 14 parcels=1,200 ft²; and all other single-family residential=2,000 ft²;

NOTE persons per household (pph) same as BLR (2.45 pph for single-family and 2.22 pph for multifamily and ADUs). For all Alternatives, MUTC/HS Rd., Cores, Transition, R-14, & R-8 assumed to be MF.

Commercial Space per Jobs Ratio: 400 ft² of commercial space per job

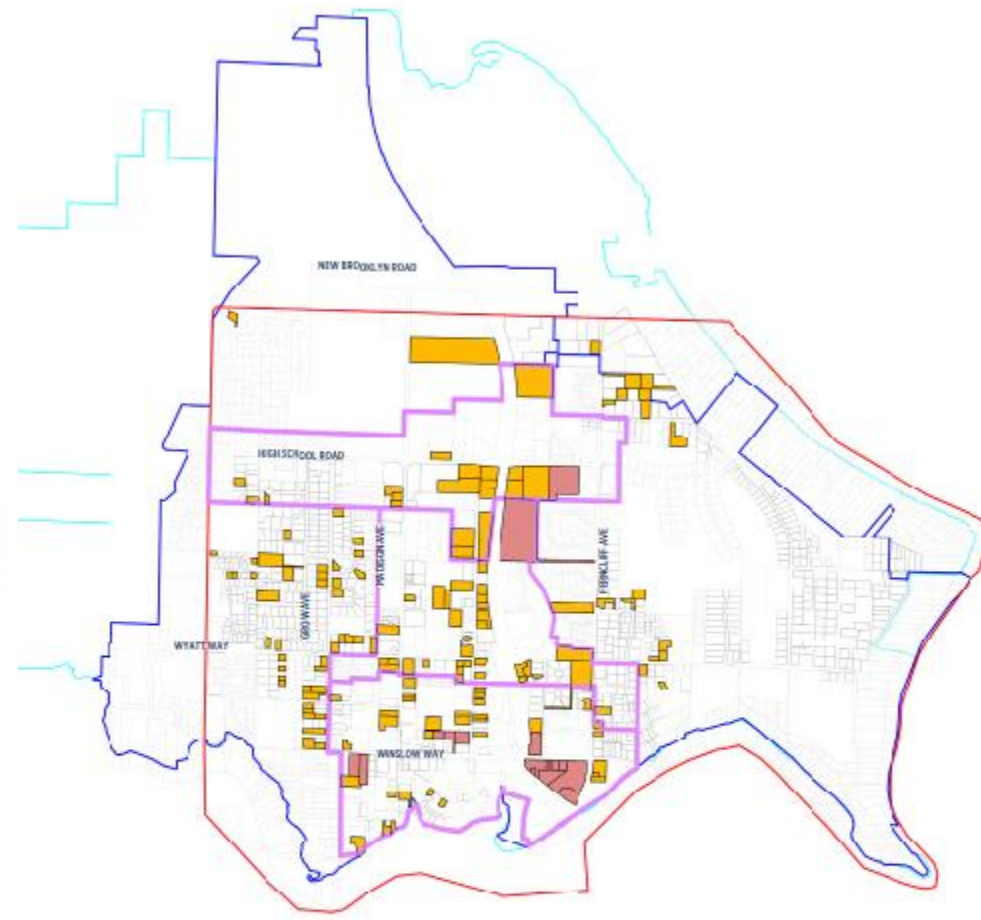
Step 4	Calculate aggregated residential and job capacity by zone for each <i>Parcel Categorization</i>
	<p><i>Capacity in Floor Area Ratio FAR Zones=</i> (total area x max lot coverage x FAR) x (Bldg. Program x Bldg. Efficiency) / 850 ft² unit size (residential) or 400 ft² per job (commercial)</p>
	<p><i>Capacity Residential Zones=</i> (total area/density)= # Residential Units</p>
Step 5	<p>Address Capacity for Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU's): The assumptions outlined in BLR Appendix C were used to estimate ADU buildout over the 20-year planning period for the following zones in Winslow for all Alternatives- R-2.9 (0.125 ADUs/yr), R-3.5 (0.75 ADUs/yr), R-4.3 (1.125 ADU/yr). See also Step 8.4 Citywide Land Capacity Analysis.</p>
Step 6	<p>Subarea Capacity for Residences and Jobs (calculated separately) per Alternative per Zone= Pipeline DU or Jobs + Estimated ADUs + the SUM of: (Capacity of High Likelihood Parcels) x (55%[Alt. 1] or 60% Probability Allocation for Alternative)+ (Capacity of Average Likelihood Parcels) x (45%[Alt. 1] or 55% Probability Allocation for Alternative)+ (Capacity of Low Likelihood Parcels) x (10% Probability Allocation for Alternative)</p>

DEVELOPMENT LIKELIHOOD PER ALTERNATIVE



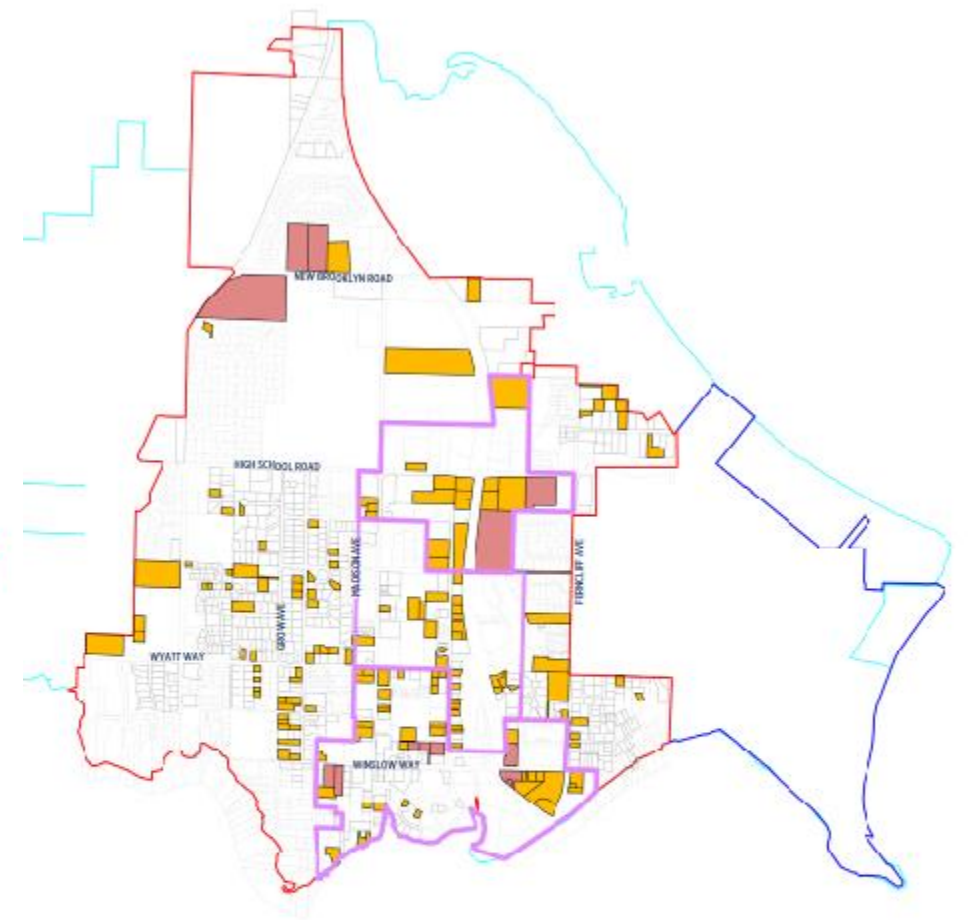
- Parcels with high likelihood of development
- Parcels with average likelihood of development
- Parcels with low likelihood of development
- Parcels unlikely to redevelop

ALT 01 - NO ACTION



- Parcels with high likelihood of development
- Parcels with average likelihood of development
- Parcels with low likelihood of development
- Parcels unlikely to redevelop

ALT 02 - GO UP



- Parcels with high likelihood of development
- Parcels with average likelihood of development
- Parcels with low likelihood of development
- Parcels unlikely to redevelop

ALT 03 - GO OUT